

## **Supplementary Information**

### **Synthesis, Characterization, and Device Application of Antimony-Substituted Violet Phosphorus – A Layered Material**

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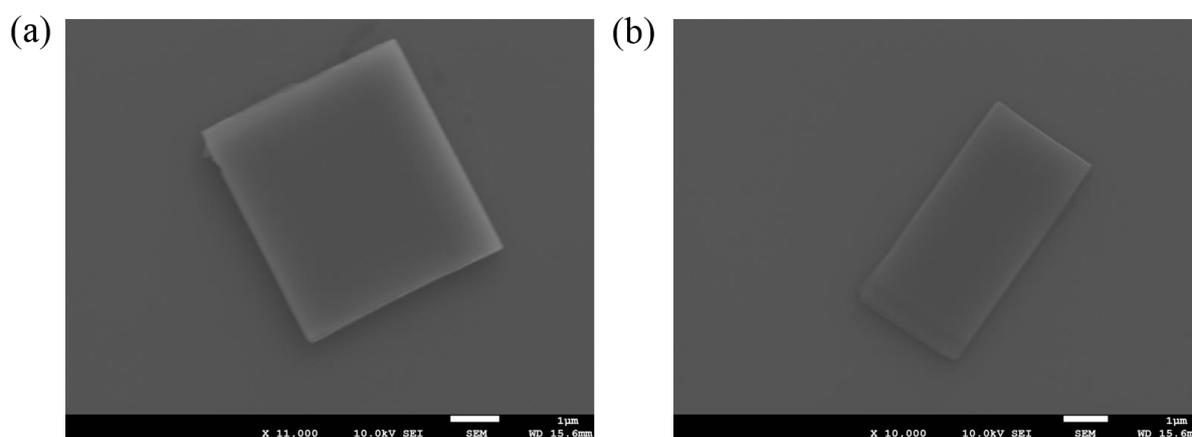
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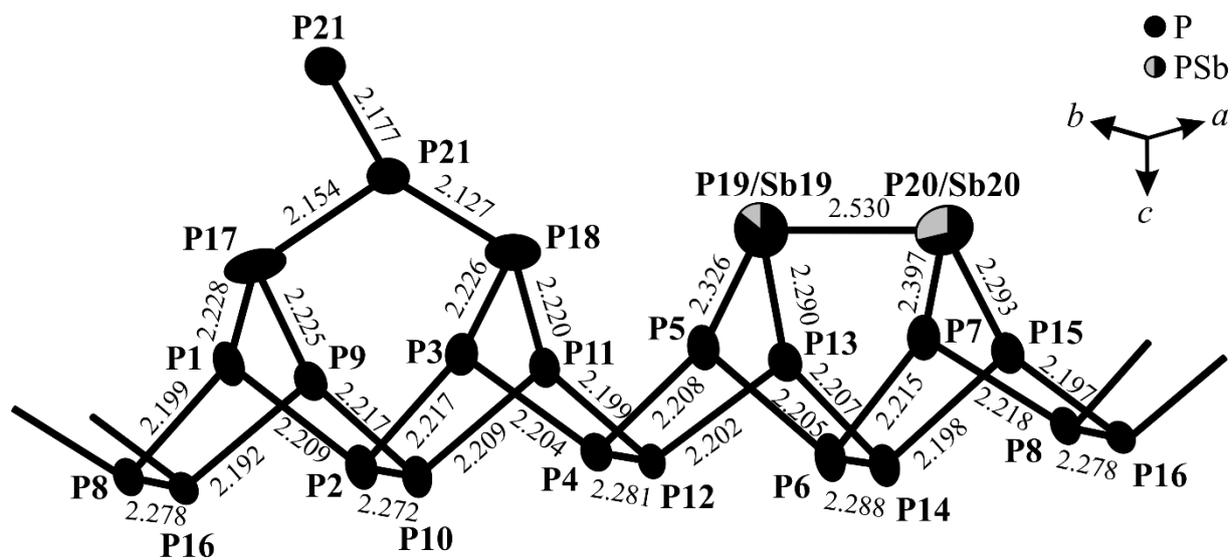
**Supporting Information.** SEM, XRD, optical images, I-V measurements, AFM measurements, and tables of crystal structure parameters of antimony-substituted violet phosphorus.

**Table S1.** Comparison of properties among 4 phosphorus-related materials. The parameters of *Hittorf's* phosphorus, black arsenic-phosphorus and black phosphorus are reported by literatures.<sup>1-4</sup>

Material	Bandgap	Experimental Mobility	Stability in air
antimony-substituted <i>Hittorf's</i> phosphorus	1.67 eV	43.08 cm <sup>2</sup> /V·s	Reasonable stability
<i>Hittorf's</i> phosphorus	2.5 eV	Not reported yet	Stable
black arsenic–phosphorus	0.15 eV	110 cm <sup>2</sup> /V·s	Prone to oxidation
black phosphorus	0.3 eV (bulk) 2.2 eV (monolayer)	>400 cm <sup>2</sup> /V·s	Prone to oxidation



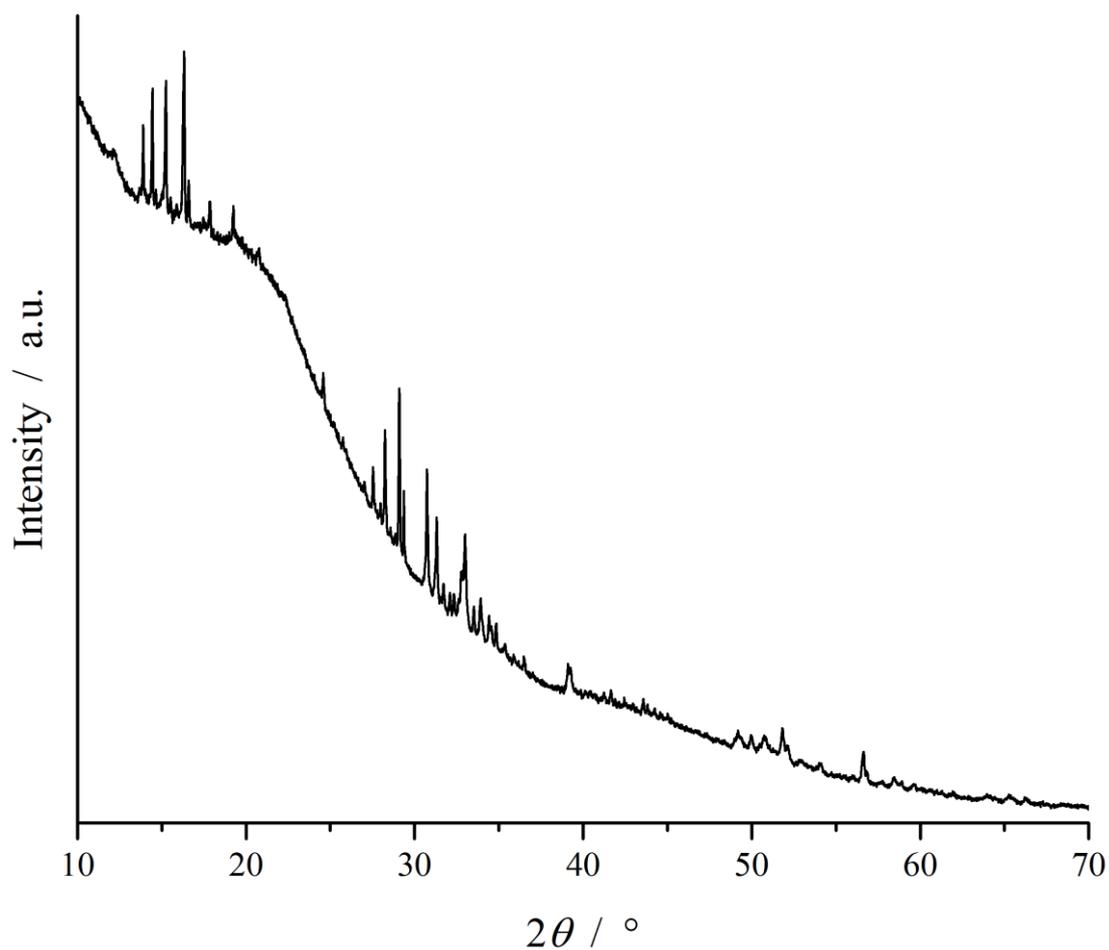
**Figure S1.** SEM images of two typical PSb thin flakes. The sharp edges can be observed from these samples.



**Figure S2.** [P9]P2[P8]P2[ substructure of  $P_{20.56(1)}Sb_{0.44(1)}$ . Bond lengths are given in [Å]. Ellipsoids show 80% probability for atomic displacement.

### Powder X-ray powder diffraction (PXRD) measurements

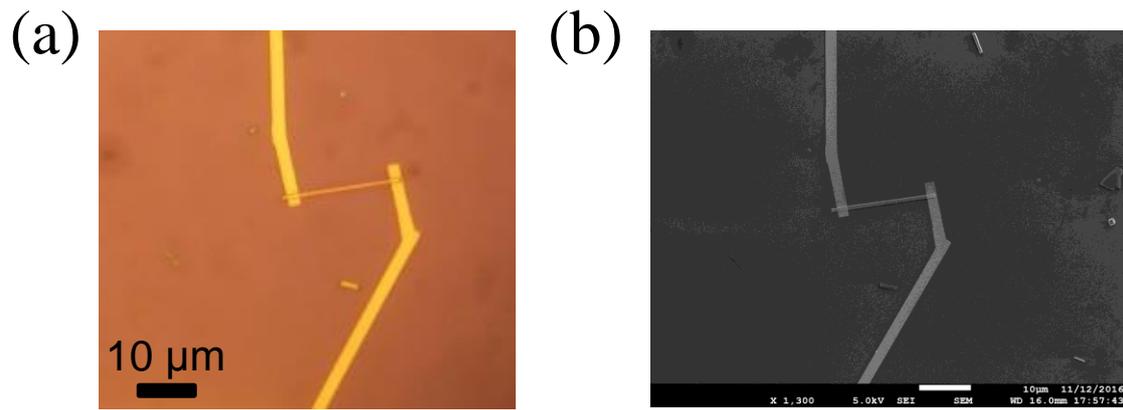
Single crystals of  $\text{P}_{20.56(1)}\text{Sb}_{0.44(1)}$  were subject to X-ray phase analysis. Due to tendency of the  $\text{P}_{20.56(1)}\text{Sb}_{0.44(1)}$  crystals to cleave upon grinding, selected crystals of approximately 0.5 mm in length and 100  $\mu\text{m}$  in diameter were measured without any pretreatment directly on a flat-bed sample holder. Due to the restrictions of measurement conditions and the low amount of scattering material in the X-ray beam, a large background was observed after a 48 h measurement. No reflections of any other crystalline phase that the title compound was observed.



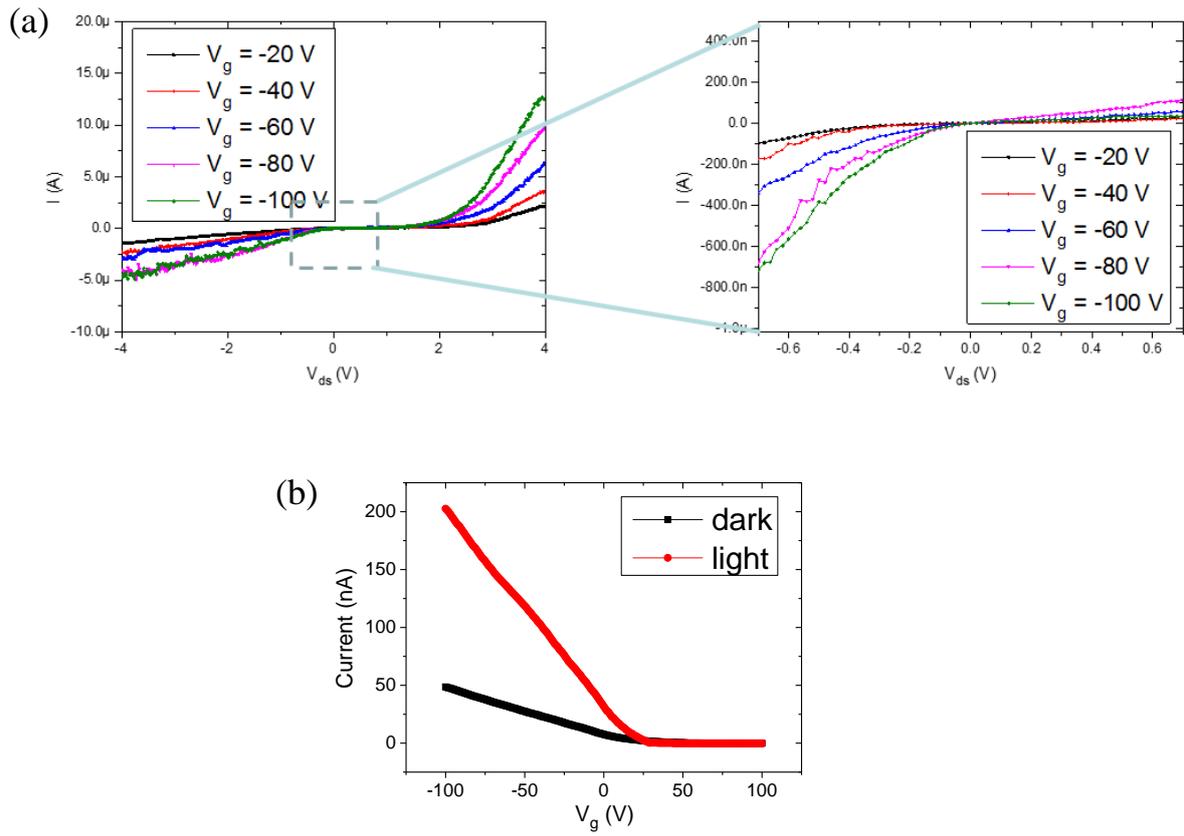
**Figure S3.** PXRD pattern of Sb-substituted *Hittorf's* phosphorus  $\text{P}_{20.56(1)}\text{Sb}_{0.44(1)}$ .

### **Differential scanning calorimetry (DSC) measurements**

Phase pure PSb was used for thermal analysis. The sample was transferred under argon atmosphere to an aluminium crucible and investigated with a NETZSCH DSC 200 F3 Maja using cooling and heating rate of 10 K/min. No thermal effect was found in the temperature range of 113-673 K substantiating that Sb-substituted violet phosphorus is stable up to this temperature in argon atmosphere.



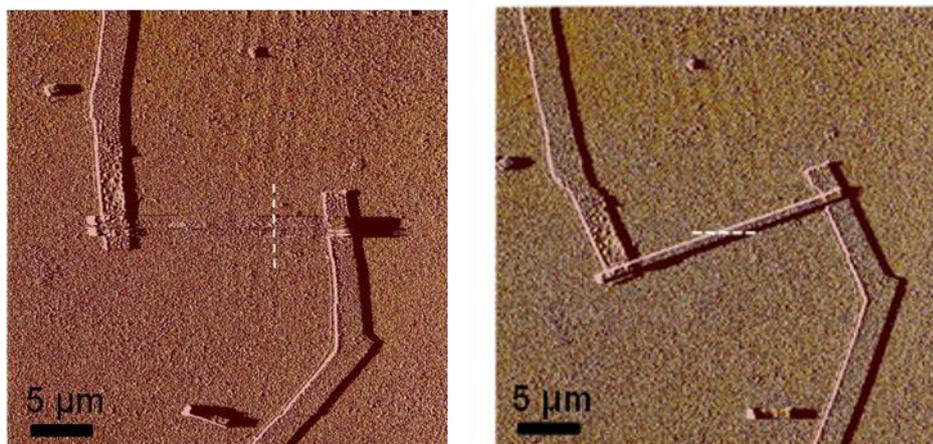
**Figure S4.** The (a) optical image and (b) SEM image of the same device shown in Figure 6b. For the yellow electrodes, 3 nm Ti and 30 nm Au double-layer structure is used.



**Figure S5.** Electrical measurements of the PSb devices. (a) The  $I_{ds}$ - $V_{ds}$  family curves for the same device shown in Figure S4. (b) Measurements of dark current and light current of a PSb device.



**Figure S6.** An optical image of  $P_{20.56(1)}Sb_{0.44(1)}$  located inside an ampoule after synthesis. On the left-hand side the bulky residue is a lead regulus, while on the right hand side are bundles of fine needle-shaped  $P_{20.56(1)}Sb_{0.44(1)}$ .



**Figure S7.** AFM measurements of the same PSb flake with a time separation of 1 month. The left one is the earlier scan. No degradation is detected.

**Table S2:** Atomic coordinates, SOF and  $U_{\text{eq}}$  [ $\text{\AA}^2$ ] of  $\text{P}_{20.56(1)}\text{Sb}_{0.44(1)}$ , space group  $P2/c$ .

Atom	SOF	$x$	$y$	$z$	$U_{\text{eq}}$
P1	1	0.44661(17)	0.05554(16)	0.32176(7)	0.0239(5)
P2	1	0.67572(16)	0.02820(16)	0.61404(8)	0.0255(5)
P3	1	0.20000(17)	0.19518(16)	0.82045(7)	0.0246(5)
P4	1	0.07569(16)	0.72342(16)	0.38401(7)	0.0210(5)
P5	1	0.06292(16)	0.55304(16)	0.17405(7)	0.0250(5)
P6	1	0.18165(16)	0.48219(16)	0.10680(8)	0.0255(5)
P7	1	0.29926(17)	0.31999(17)	0.17606(7)	0.0253(5)
P8	1	0.42458(16)	0.22198(16)	0.11527(7)	0.0220(5)
P9	1	0.29139(15)	0.13552(16)	0.57208(7)	0.0217(5)
P10	1	0.50022(16)	0.15570(17)	0.54251(7)	0.0229(5)
P11	1	0.54036(16)	0.61422(16)	0.07134(7)	0.0225(5)
P12	1	0.25029(15)	0.59550(16)	0.45651(7)	0.0185(4)
P13	1	0.19956(15)	0.36459(16)	0.43323(7)	0.0230(5)
P14	1	0.00624(15)	0.35048(17)	0.03556(7)	0.0229(5)
P15	1	0.03609(15)	0.12363(16)	0.06794(7)	0.0223(5)
P16	1	0.24875(15)	0.09335(16)	0.04381(7)	0.0193(4)
P17	1	0.3662(2)	0.1013(2)	0.67342(8)	0.0356(6)
P18	1	0.3608(2)	0.62061(19)	0.32737(7)	0.0385(6)
P19	0.856(3)	0.09669(16)	0.35536(16)	0.32880(6)	0.0468(5)
Sb19	0.144(3)	0.09669(16)	0.35536(16)	0.32880(6)	0.0468(5)
P20	0.704(3)	0.09699(12)	0.15695(13)	0.17698(5)	0.0479(4)
Sb20	0.296(3)	0.09699(12)	0.15695(13)	0.17698(5)	0.0479(4)
P21	1	0.44604(17)	0.68156(17)	0.20069(7)	0.0280(5)

All atoms lie on Wyckoff sites 4g. Note that  $U_{\text{eq}}$  is defined as one third of the trace of the orthogonalized  $U_{ij}$  tensor.

**Table S3:** Anisotropic displacement parameters<sup>a</sup> [ $\text{\AA}^2$ ] of  $\text{P}_{20.56(1)}\text{Sb}_{0.44(1)}$ , space group  $P2/c$ .

Atom	$U_{11}$	$U_{22}$	$U_{33}$	$U_{12}$	$U_{13}$	$U_{23}$
P1	0.0209(7)	0.0238(8)	0.0245(8)	-0.0035(6)	0.0024(6)	0.0030(6)
P2	0.0180(7)	0.0222(8)	0.0363(9)	-0.0023(6)	0.0074(6)	0.0036(6)
P3	0.0188(7)	0.0276(8)	0.0277(9)	0.0048(6)	0.0070(6)	-0.0081(6)
P4	0.0171(7)	0.0216(7)	0.0256(8)	-0.0031(6)	0.0078(6)	0.0013(6)
P5	0.0203(8)	0.0255(8)	0.0264(8)	0.0041(6)	0.0017(6)	-0.0057(6)
P6	0.0182(7)	0.0223(7)	0.0341(9)	0.0037(6)	0.0041(6)	-0.0096(6)
P7	0.0205(7)	0.0261(8)	0.0279(9)	0.0056(6)	0.0042(6)	-0.0059(6)
P8	0.0184(7)	0.0206(7)	0.0281(9)	0.0022(6)	0.0086(6)	-0.0012(6)
P9	0.0171(7)	0.0225(8)	0.0248(8)	-0.0040(6)	0.0048(6)	0.0020(6)
P10	0.0192(7)	0.0226(7)	0.0267(8)	-0.0056(7)	0.0061(6)	0.0027(6)
P11	0.0186(7)	0.0258(8)	0.0240(8)	0.0025(6)	0.0076(6)	-0.0044(6)
P12	0.0166(7)	0.0198(7)	0.0209(8)	-0.0033(6)	0.0085(6)	-0.0005(6)
P13	0.0189(7)	0.0225(8)	0.0275(8)	-0.0019(6)	0.0064(6)	0.0040(6)
P14	0.0173(7)	0.0229(7)	0.0280(8)	0.0033(6)	0.0054(6)	-0.0047(6)
P15	0.0177(7)	0.0244(8)	0.0244(8)	0.0001(6)	0.0053(6)	-0.0029(6)
P16	0.0164(7)	0.0216(7)	0.0208(8)	0.0062(6)	0.0066(6)	0.0005(6)
P17	0.0404(9)	0.0459(10)	0.0196(8)	0.0138(8)	0.0068(7)	0.0007(7)
P18	0.0488(10)	0.0460(10)	0.0143(8)	0.0222(9)	-0.0021(7)	-0.0046(7)
P19	0.0540(9)	0.0513(9)	0.0305(8)	0.0061(7)	0.0039(6)	0.0037(6)
Sb19	0.0540(9)	0.0513(9)	0.0305(8)	0.0061(7)	0.0039(6)	0.0037(6)
P20	0.0425(6)	0.0542(7)	0.0449(7)	-0.0049(5)	0.0084(4)	-0.0079(5)
Sb20	0.0425(6)	0.0542(7)	0.0449(7)	-0.0049(5)	0.0084(4)	-0.0079(5)
P21	0.0287(7)	0.0341(9)	0.0209(7)	-0.0018(7)	0.0067(6)	0.0005(6)

<sup>a</sup>The anisotropic displacement factor exponent takes the form:  $-2\pi^2[(ha^*)^2U_{11}+\dots+2hka^*b^*U_{12}]$ .

**Table S4:** Interatomic distances [ $\text{\AA}$ ] in  $\text{P}_{20.56(1)}\text{Sb}_{0.44(1)}$ . All distances within  $d_{\text{max}} = 2.6 \text{ \AA}$  are listed. Standard deviations are smaller than 0.3 pm.

P1:	P8	2.199	P12:	P11	2.199
	P2	2.209		P13	2.202
	P17	2.228		P4	2.281
P2:	P1	2.209	P13:	P12	2.202
	P3	2.217		P14	2.207
	P10	2.272		P19 Sb19	2.290
P3:	P4	2.204	P14:	P15	2.198
	P2	2.217		P13	2.207
	P18	2.226		P6	2.288
P4:	P3	2.204	P15:	P16	2.197
	P5	2.278		P14	2.198
	P12	2.281		P20 Sb20	2.393
P5:	P6	2.205	P16:	P15	2.197
	P4	2.208		P9	2.198
	P19 Sb19	2.326		P8	2.278
P6:	P5	2.205	P17:	P21	2.154
	P7	2.215		P9	2.226
	P14	2.288		P1	2.228
P7:	P6	2.215	P18:	P21	2.127
	P8	2.218		P11	2.219
	P20 Sb20	2.397		P3	2.226
P8:	P1	2.199	P19 Sb19:	P13	2.290
	P7	2.218		P5	2.326
	P16	2.278		P20 Sb20	2.529
P9:	P16	2.198	P20 Sb20:	P15	2.393
	P10	2.217		P7	2.397
	P17	2.226		P19 Sb1	2.529
P10:	P11	2.209	P21:	P18	2.127
	P9	2.217		P17	2.154
	P2	2.272		P21	2.177
P11:	P12	2.199			
	P10	2.209			
	P18	2.219			

## References:

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